

FIG. 3

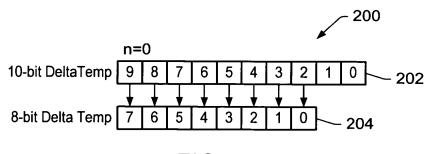


FIG. 2A

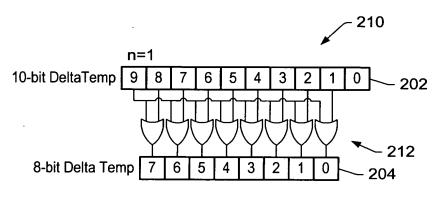


FIG. 2B

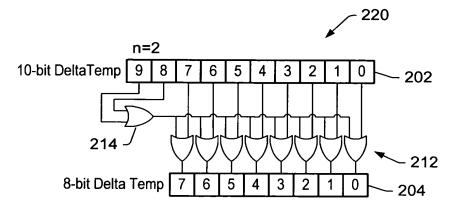
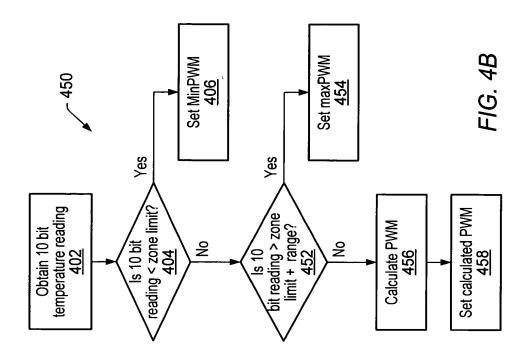
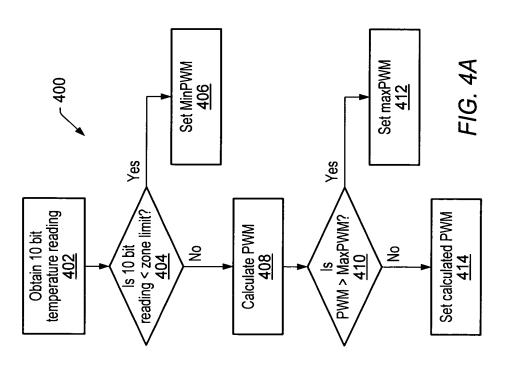


FIG. 2C





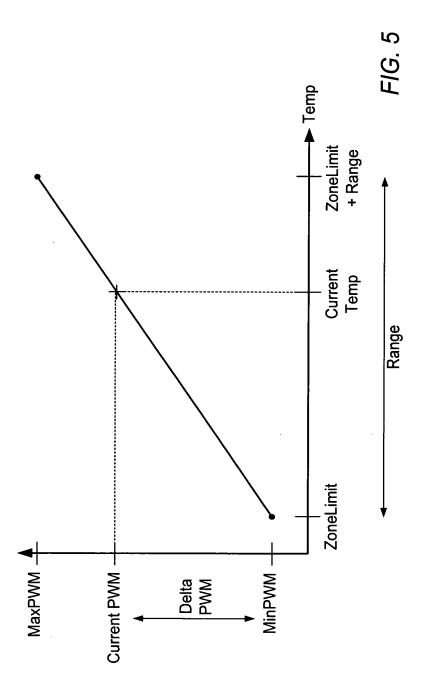


Table 1- Range Selection represented as Mantissa and Divider

Divider used for Shift	0	0	0		_		2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	5
Mantissa	10000000	01100110	01001101	10000000	01100110	01001101	10000000	01100110	01001101	10000000	01100110	01001101	10000000	01100110	01001101	01100110
Binary Representation (1/Range °C)/256	.10000000	.01100110	.01001101	.01000000	.00110011	.00100110	.00010000	.00011001	.00010011	.0001000	.00001100	.00001001	.00001000	.00000110	.000000100	.00000011
(1/Range °C) /256	128/256	102.4/256	76.8/256	64/256	51.2/256	38.4/256	32/256	25.6/256	19.2/256	16/256	12.8/256	9.6/256	8/256	6.4/256	4.8/256	3.2/256
Range °C	2	2.5	3.33	4	5	29.9	8	10	13.33	16	20	26.67	32	40	53.33	80
Range Selection Bits	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111

FIG. 6A

Table 1: Computing LSbits for DeltaTemp[1:0] = CurrentTemp

Current Temp	Zone Limit	DeltaTemp[1:0]
POS.xx	POS.00	X
POS.xx	NEG.00	X
NEG.00	NEG.00	00
NEG.01	NEG.00	11
NEG.10	NEG.00	10
NEG.11	NEG.00	01
NEG.xx	POS.00	Can't Happen

don't care, the decimal point followed by 2 numbers represents the 2 LSbits of the Note: POS = Positive number; NEG = Negative number; .xx => Current Temp [1:0] = value. They are binary numbers.

The autofan algorithm only computes DeltaTemp when the Current Temp is greater than or equal to the Zone Limit. Note:

All cases, except those in the shaded rows, the two LSbits of the Current Temp become the two LSbits of DeltaTemp. Note:

FIG. 6B